

The Holley logo is displayed in a bold, red, italicized sans-serif font. It is positioned in the upper left quadrant of the slide, set against a black background that also contains the title text.

# Holley<sup>®</sup>

**Second Quarter 2023  
Financial Results Call**



August 10, 2023

**Introductions &  
Forward-Looking Statements**

**Ross Collins**  
Investor Relations

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**Results and Highlights**

**Matthew Stevenson**  
President & CEO

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**Financial Results**

**Jesse Weaver**  
CFO

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**Outlook**

**Matthew Stevenson**  
President & CEO

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**Q&A**

**Group**

Certain statements in this presentation may be considered “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the “safe harbor” provisions of the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements generally relate to future events or Holley’s future financial or operating performance. For example, projections of future revenue and adjusted EBITDA and other metrics are forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as “may,” “should,” “expect,” “intend,” “will,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “predict,” “or” or the negatives of these terms or variations of them or similar terminology. Such forward-looking statements are subject to risks, uncertainties, and other factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based upon estimates and assumptions that, while considered reasonable by Holley and its management, are inherently uncertain. Factors that may cause actual results to differ materially from current expectations include, but are not limited to: 1) the ability of Holley to grow and manage growth profitably which may be affected by, among other things, competition; to maintain relationships with customers and suppliers; and to retain its management and key employees; 2) costs related to Holley being a public company; 3) disruptions to Holley’s operations, including as a result of cybersecurity incidents; 4) changes in applicable laws or regulations; 5) the outcome of any legal proceedings that may be instituted against Holley; 6) general economic and political conditions, including the current macroeconomic environment, political tensions and war (such as the ongoing conflict in Ukraine); 7) the possibility that Holley may be adversely affected by other economic, business and/or competitive factors, including recent events affecting the financial services industry (such as the closures of certain regional banks); 8) Holley’s estimates of its financial performance; 9) our ability to anticipate and manage through disruptions and higher costs in manufacturing, supply chain, logistical operations, and shortages of certain company products in distribution channels; and 10) other risks and uncertainties set forth in the section entitled “Risk Factors” and “Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements” in the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) on March 15, 2023, and/or disclosed in any subsequent filings with the SEC. Although Holley believes the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, nothing in this presentation should be regarded as a representation by any person that the forward-looking statements or projections set forth herein will be achieved or that any of the contemplated results of such forward looking statements or projections will be achieved. There may be additional risks that Holley presently does not know or that Holley currently believes are immaterial that could also cause actual results to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements. You should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date they are made. Holley undertakes no duty to update these forward-looking statements, except as otherwise required by law.



# RESULTS & HIGHLIGHTS

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**Matthew Stevenson**  
President & CEO

## Building Path to Deliver Annual Gross Margin of ~40% and >20% EBITDA

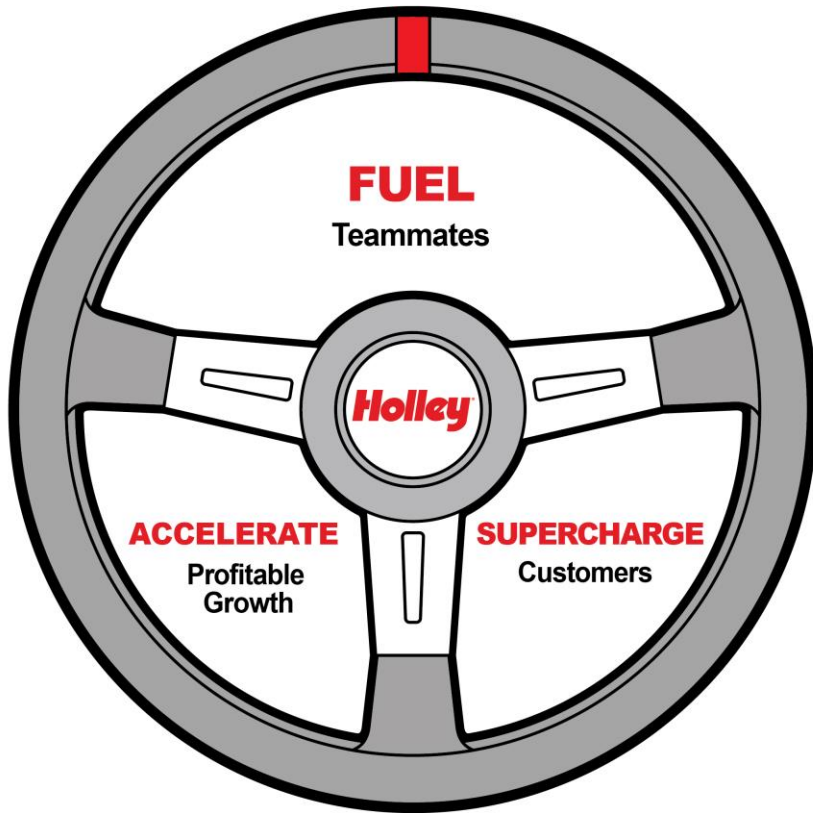
**Demonstrated ability to achieve ~20% EBITDA**

**Improved inventory controls delivering improvements in Working Capital**

**Past dues improved in both Electronic and Mechanical Categories**

**Reignited “marquee” product innovation with Launch of Sniper 2.0**

**CEO onboarding focused on Team and Customer Relationships**



**Listening to  
Our Teammates**



**Enhancing  
Operations**



**Optimizing  
Acquisitions**



**Putting ALL  
Customers First**



## FY2023 Q2 Results

Net Sales

**\$175.3M**

(2.3%) vs. PY

Gross Margin

**39.8%**

(220bps) vs. PY

Adjusted EBITDA Margin<sup>1</sup>

**21.6%**

+90bps vs. PY

Free Cash Flow<sup>1</sup>

**\$29.0M**

+\$30M vs. PY

## Business Highlights

**75**

New Products Launched in Q2

**NEW & HOT**



### Industry Awards



'23 Best New Product  
'23 Muscle Car Pick



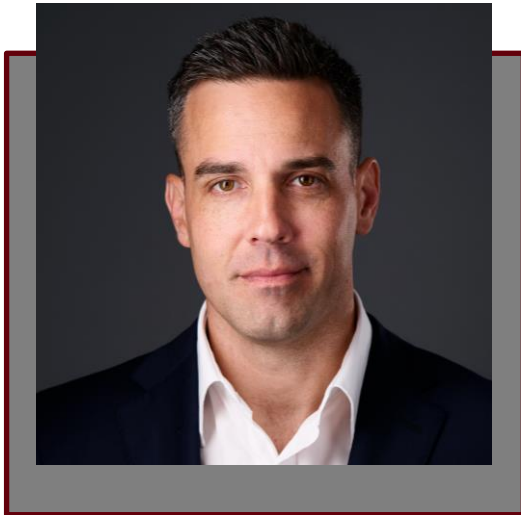
### THREE Successful Events in Q2



### Social Engagement



1) Please see the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in the Appendix to this presentation



# FINANCIAL RESULTS

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**Jesse Weaver**  
Chief Financial Officer

## Proactively Managing the Business to Drive Long-Term Value

### RESTORE PROFITABILITY

- Identified material cost savings
- Accelerated recent M&A integrations
- On-going facility consolidation and footprint optimization

*Capture targeted annualized cost savings of \$30 million*

### IMPROVE FREE CASH FLOW

- Mitigate COVID Headwind
- Improved EBITDA generation drives additional cash flow
- Not anticipating free cash flow headwinds experienced in 2022

*Expect meaningful improvement in free cash flow conversion*

### OPTIMIZE WORKING CAPITAL

- Inventory turns back inline with historical pre-COVID levels
- Working to balance inventory based on immediate needs and continue to improve past due orders

*Drive continued reduction in past dues throughout 2023*

### DELEVER BALANCE SHEET

- Amended credit agreement provides additional financial flexibility through mid-2024
- Near-term cash flow prioritized for debt paydown

*Holley remains comfortably below amended covenant ranges*

# Q2 SUMMARY INCOME STATEMENT



(\$MM)	2Q23	2Q22	B/(W)
<b>Net Sales</b>	\$175.3	\$179.4	(2.3%)
<b>Gross Margin</b>	39.8%	42.0%	(220) bps
<b>SG&amp;A (incl. R&amp;D)</b>	\$35.3	\$44.5	\$9.2
<b>Adj. EBITDA<sup>1</sup></b>	\$37.9	\$37.2	\$0.7
<b>Adj. EBITDA Margin<sup>1</sup></b>	21.6%	20.7%	90bps
<b>Interest Expense</b>	\$9.9	\$9.0	(\$0.9)
<b>Adj. Net Income<sup>1</sup></b>	\$16.0	\$13.2	\$2.8
<b>Adj. Diluted EPS<sup>1</sup></b>	\$0.14	\$0.11	\$0.03

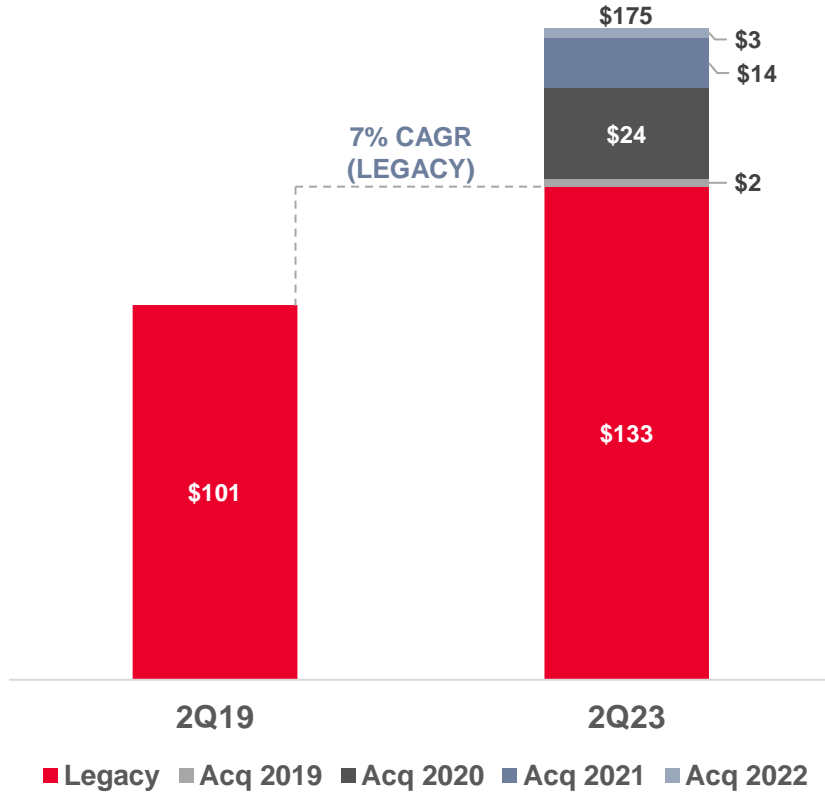
Despite slight declines in net sales and gross margin, Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income improved year-over-year on strong cost control

1) Please see the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in the Appendix to this presentation

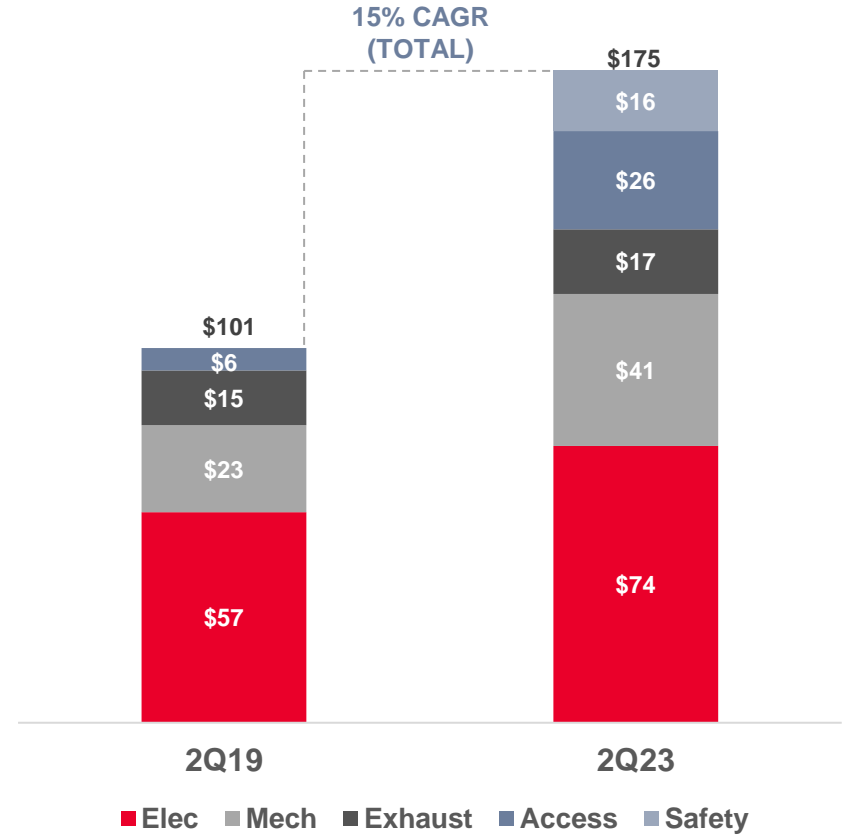
# NET SALES GROWTH BUILD UP



## Acquisition Vintage<sup>1</sup> (\$MM)



## Product Category Detail<sup>1</sup> (\$MM)



Compared to 2Q19 pre-COVID levels, Holley's legacy businesses outgrew the historical market trend growth rate of ~6.5%<sup>2</sup>

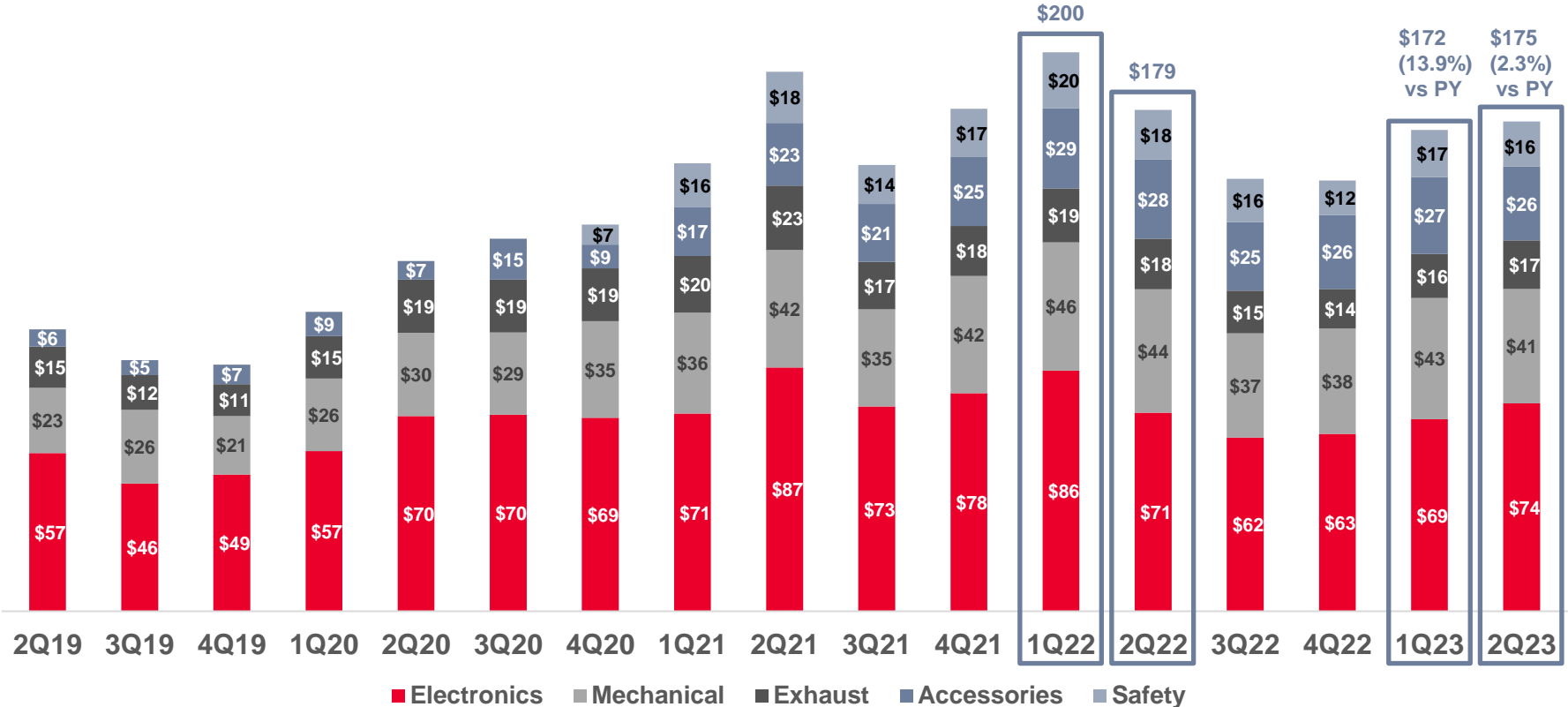
1) Totals may not foot due to rounding

2) SEMA data; Performance aftermarket based on performance engines, wheels, tires, brakes, and suspension categories market growth from 2001 - 2019

# NET SALES TRENDS BY PRODUCT CATEGORY

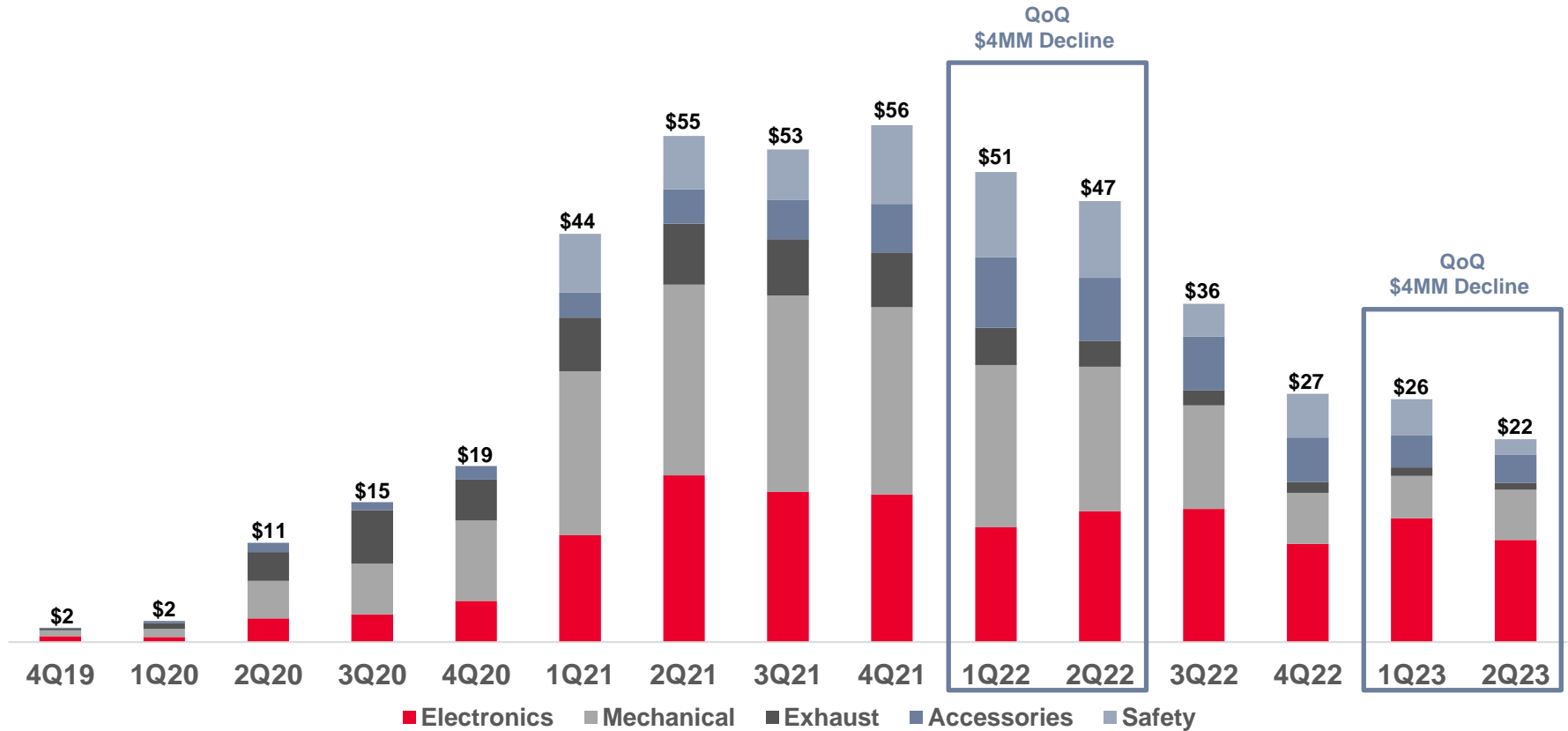


## Quarterly Net Sales by Product Category (\$MM)



Quarterly YOY growth trends improving in 2Q23 vs. 1Q23 as Order Trends improved in 2Q23

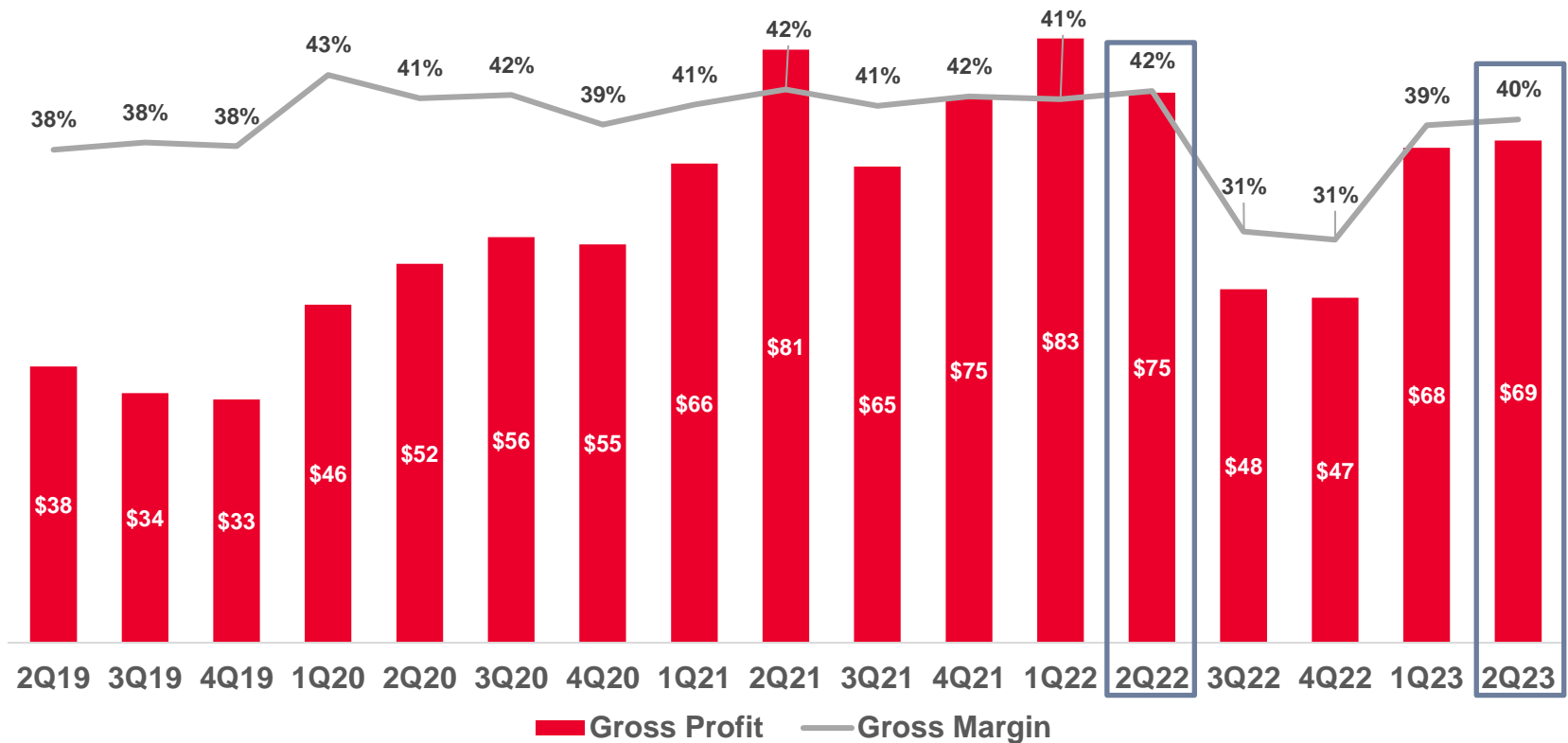
## Past Due Order Trends by Product Category (\$MM)



2Q23 experienced >\$4MM in Past Due Improvement across both Electronics and Non-Electronics Categories during the quarter

# GROSS PROFIT TRENDS

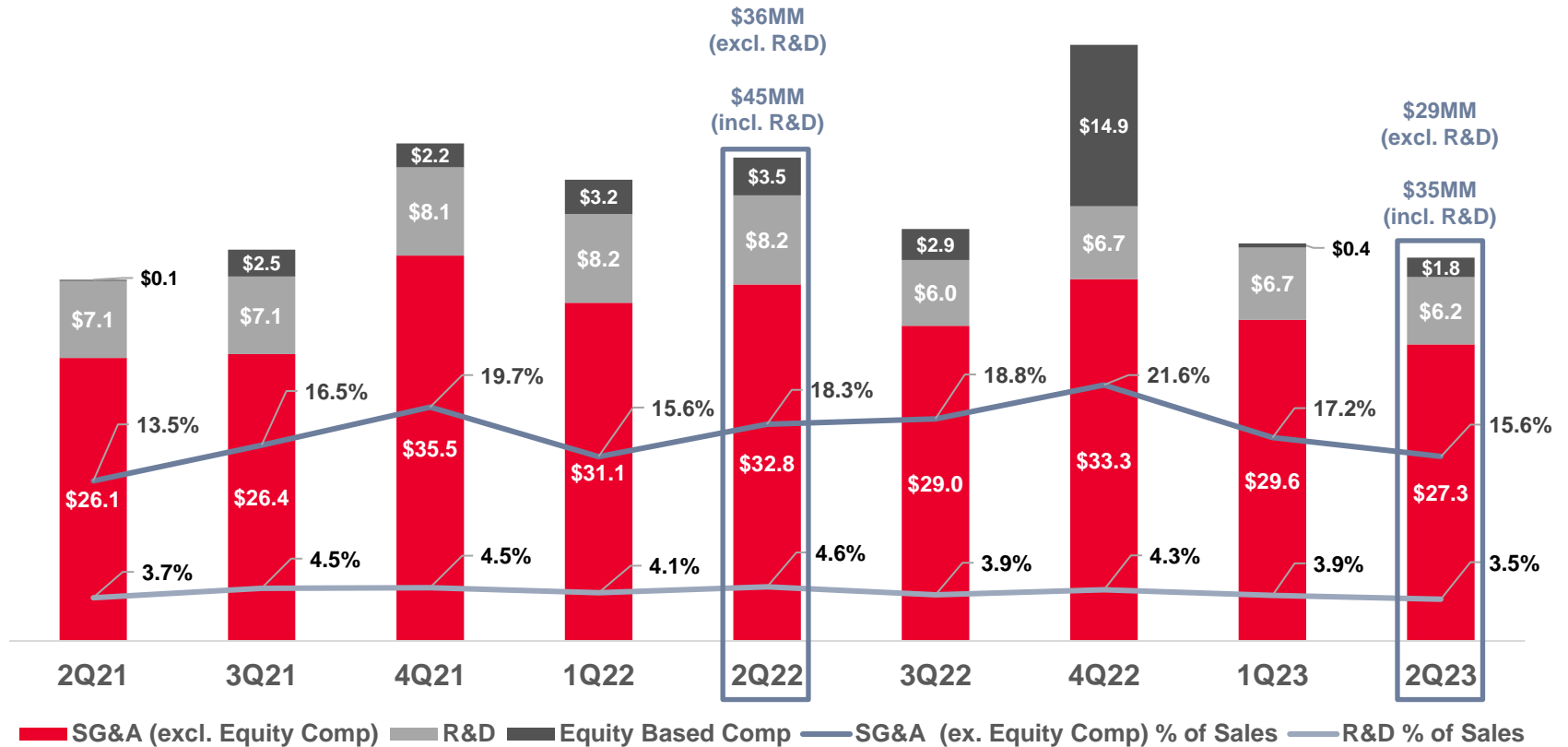
## Gross Profit (\$MM) and Gross Margin (%)



Decreases in margin were primarily driven by headwinds from sales mix and the flow through of higher input costs from prior periods being partially offset by current year lower costs in production and distribution operations

# SG&A AND R&D TRENDS

## Quarterly SG&A (\$MM), R&D (\$MM), Equity Based Comp (\$MM) and % of Sales

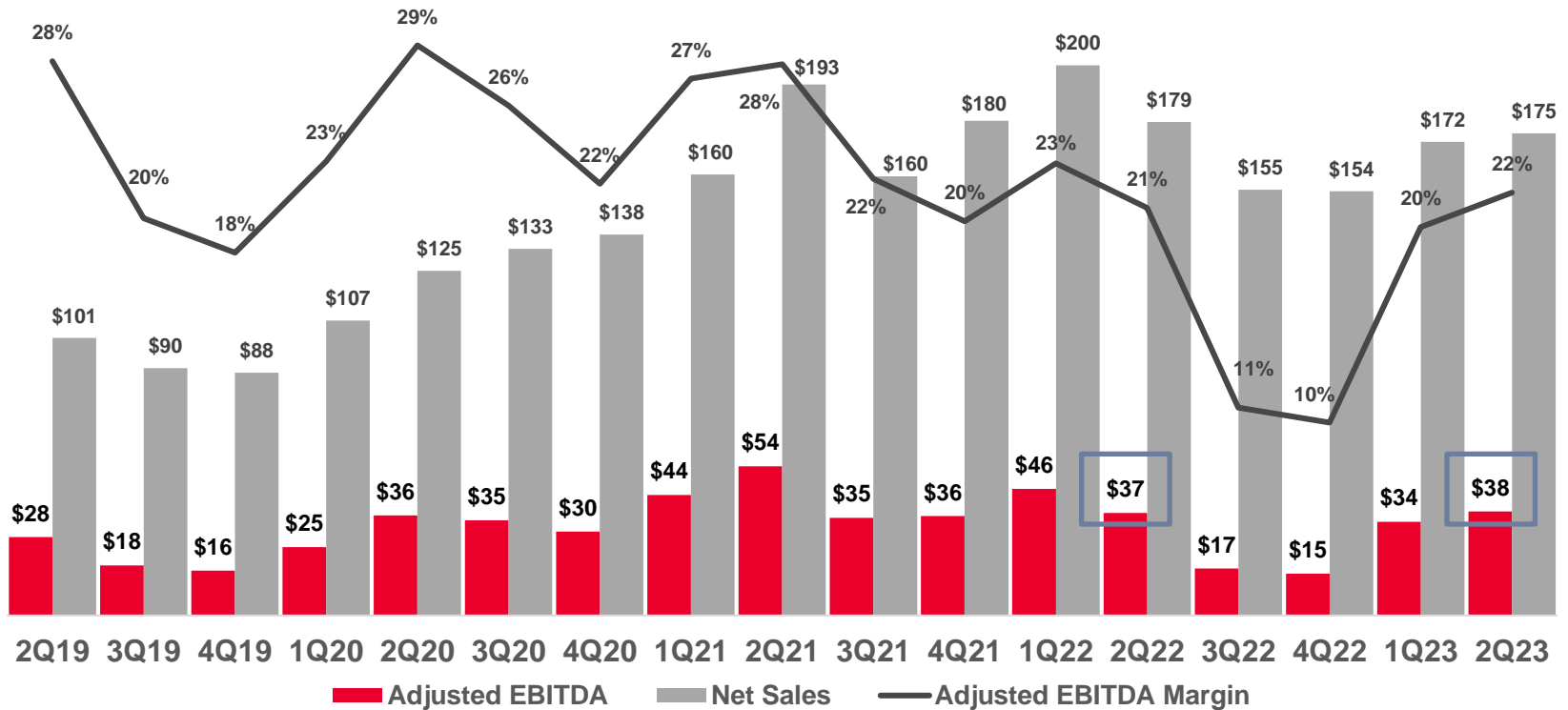


SG&A % in line with historical levels, due to reduced costs and sequential sales improvement in 1H23 vs. 2H22

# ADJUSTED EBITDA<sup>1</sup> TRENDS



## Adjusted EBITDA (\$MM), Net Sales (\$MM) and Adjusted EBITDA Margin (%)



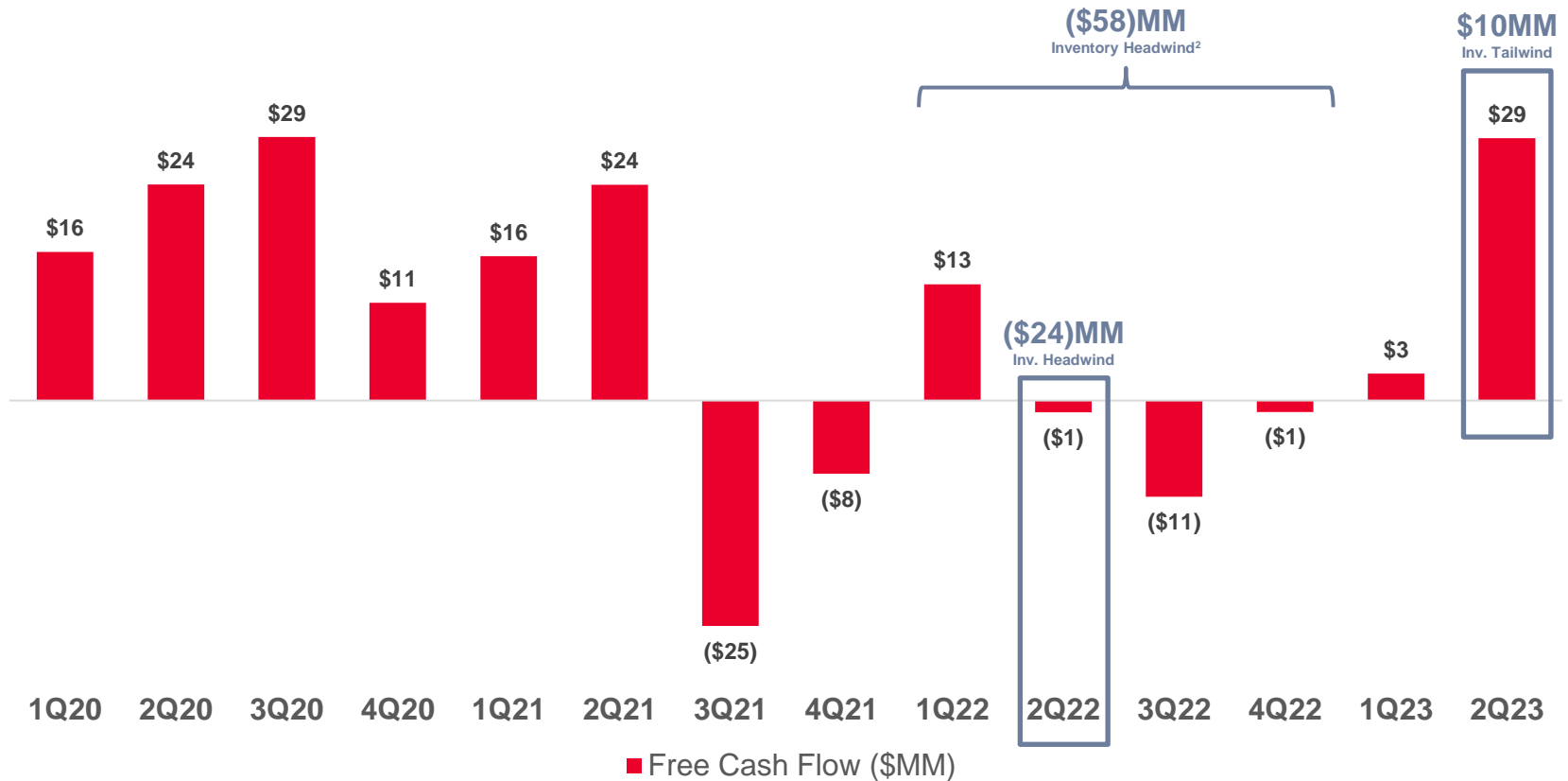
Adjusted EBITDA for 2Q23 was up \$0.7MM from 2Q22 driven by Operating Profit Improvements (excl. equity comp) offset by reversal of Product Rationalization add-back from Q4

1) Please see the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in the Appendix to this presentation

# FREE CASH FLOW<sup>1</sup> GENERATION IMPROVING



## Free Cash Flow Pre-M&A (\$MM)



Free Cash Flow in 2Q23 up ~\$30M YOY due to higher EBITDA, improved working capital management and slightly lower capital expenditures

1) Please see the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in the Appendix to this presentation  
 2) \$58mm in cash invested in inventory in 2022; excludes cash impacts off of P&L from \$13MM provision for inventory reserves

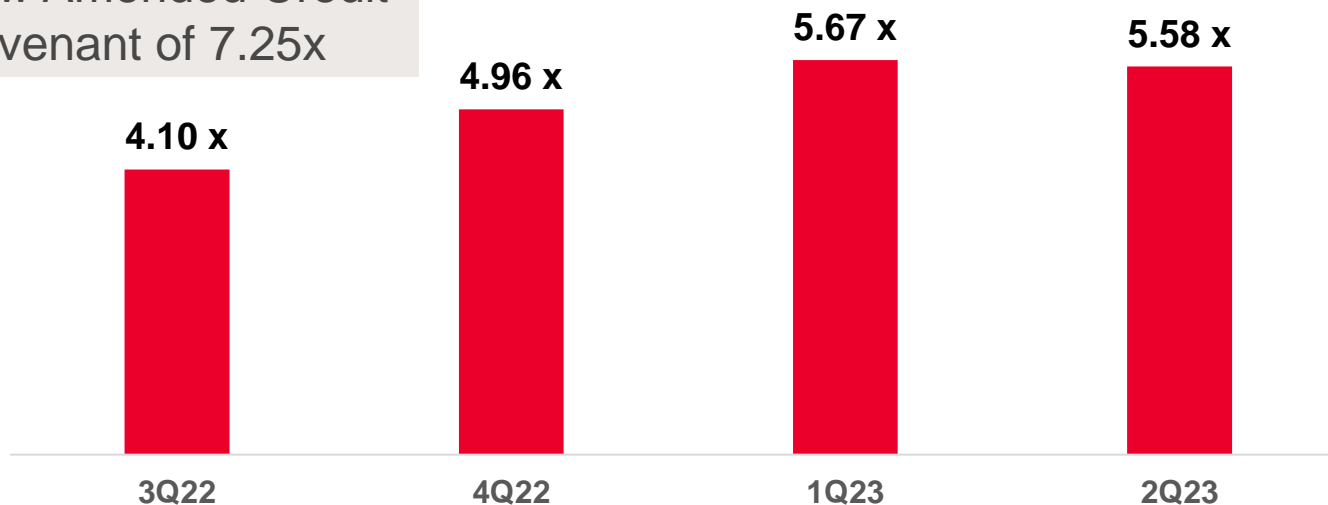
# NET DEBT TO EBITDA LEVERAGE RATIO<sup>1</sup>



## Net Leverage Ratio (Net Debt/TTM Covenant EBITDA)

7.25x  
Amended Q2  
Covenant

Q2 Net Leverage Ratio was meaningfully below Amended Credit Agreement Covenant of 7.25x



\$ millions	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23
Net Debt	\$637.0	\$636.0	\$634.1	605.3
Adj. EBITDA (TTM) <sup>2</sup>	135.6	114.7	102.6	103.3
Covenant Add-backs	19.6	13.4	9.2	5.2
Covenant EBITDA (TTM)	\$155.3	\$128.1	\$111.8	108.5

1) As calculated per our existing credit agreement  
2) Please see the GAAP to Non-GAAP reconciliation in the Appendix to this presentation

## Key Drivers of 2023 Guidance

- Ongoing normalization of demand back to trend line growth versus pre-COVID levels
- Continuing microchip availability constraints with Holley EFI
- Savings from our cost-reduction initiatives

<b>FY23 Outlook (\$ millions)</b>	<b>Previous Outlook</b>	<b>Revised Outlook</b>
<b>Net Sales</b>	\$625 – \$675	<b>\$635 – \$675</b>
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	\$108 – \$122	<b>\$118 – \$128</b>
<b>Capital Expenditures</b>	\$10 – \$15	<b>\$5 – \$10</b>
<b>Depreciation and Amortization</b>	\$23 – \$25	<b>\$23 – \$25</b>
<b>Interest Expense (excluding Mark-to-Market on Collar)</b>	\$60 – \$65	<b>\$58 – \$62</b>



**Matthew Stevenson**  
President & CEO



**Jesse Weaver**  
Chief Financial Officer



# OUTLOOK

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**Matthew Stevenson**  
President & CEO

*Large base of passionate and highly engaged enthusiast consumers with attractive demographics*

*Massive \$39B U.S. market with decades of uninterrupted growth<sup>1</sup>*

*Powerhouse of product innovation with iconic brands*

*Proven acquisition platform with robust integration and growth potential*

*Transformational digital and DTC opportunity with omni-channel distribution*

*Flexible operating model with attractive growth, margins and free cash flow*

*Experienced team with a track record of execution*

**6-7% Organic  
Top Line Growth**

**~40% Gross  
Margin Target**

**>20% EBITDA  
Margin Target**

**Sustainable  
Free Cash Flow**

**Strategic  
Acquisitions**

1) Based on SEMA data; Performance aftermarket based on performance engines, wheels, tires, brakes, and suspension categories.

**Holley**<sup>®</sup>

*Appendix*



# HOLLEY PRODUCTS SERVE NEEDS ACROSS THE VEHICLE **Holley**

## HOLLEY FAMILY OF BRANDS\*

### ELECTRONIC CONTROLS

#### EFI & IGNITION

Accel  
AEM  
Atomic EFI  
Hilborn  
Holley EFI  
Hyperspark  
Mallory  
MSD  
Sniper

#### PERFORMANCE TUNING

Amp'd  
DiabloSport  
Edge  
Pulsar  
Racepak  
Range  
Superchips  
APR  
Dinan

### AUTOMOTIVE ACCESSORIES

#### ACCESSORIES

Cataclean  
Fender Gripper  
Scott Drake

#### LIGHTING

RetroBright

#### INSTRUMENTATION

AEM  
Classic Instruments  
Holley EFI  
Racepak

### ENGINE & ACCESSORIES

#### INDUCTION

Flowmaster

#### ACCESSORIES

Earl's  
Mr. Gasket

#### CARBURETION

Brawler  
Demon  
Holley  
Quickfuel

#### COOLING

Frostbite

#### NITROUS

NOS

### PERFORMANCE EXHAUST

Flowmaster  
Flowtech  
Hooker  
Blackheart

### BRAKING

Baer Brakes

### SUSPENSION

ADS Suspension  
Detroit Speed  
Lakewood  
Proforged

### EV CONVERSION

AEM EV

### RESTORATION

Brothers  
Scott Drake

### SAFETY

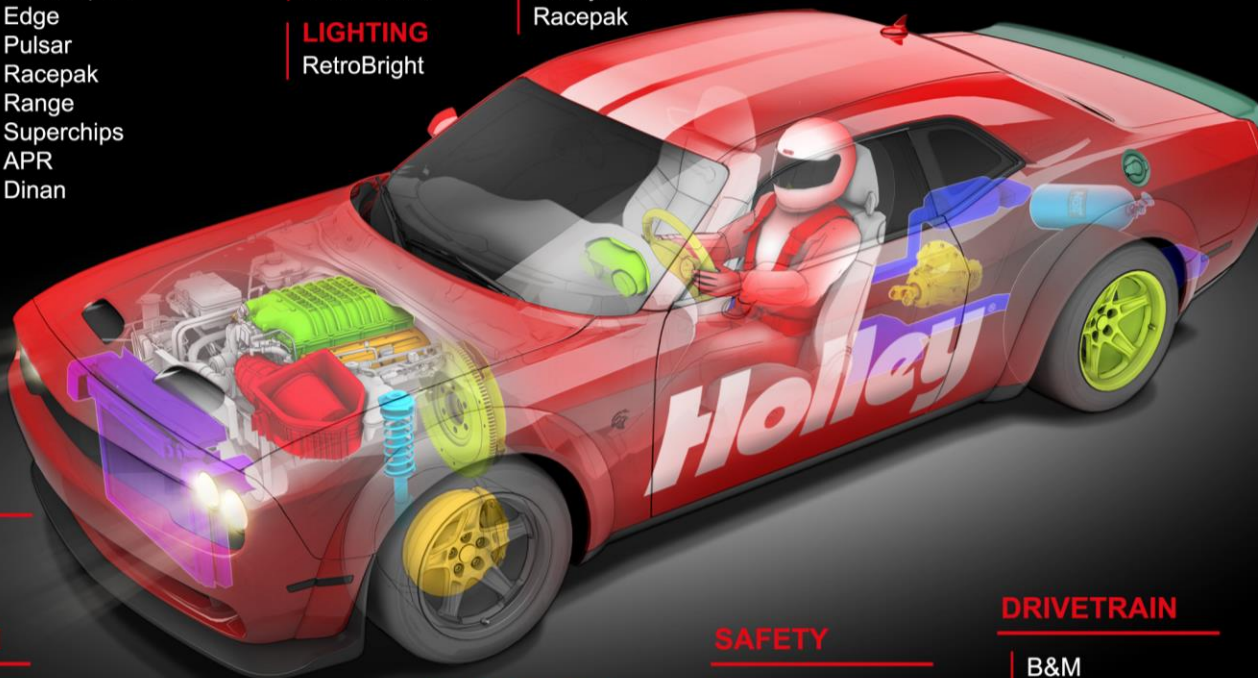
Hans  
RaceQuip  
Simpson  
Stilo

### DRIVETRAIN

B&M  
GearFX  
Hays  
Hurst  
Quicktime

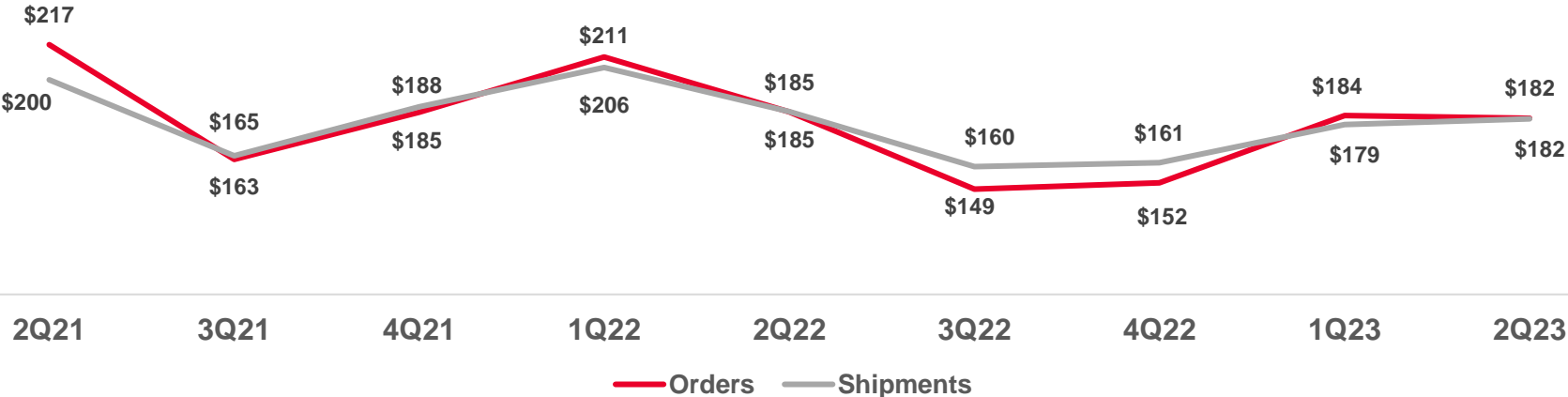
### WHEELS

Carroll Shelby  
Wheels  
Halibrand  
Legendary  
REV  
Rocket

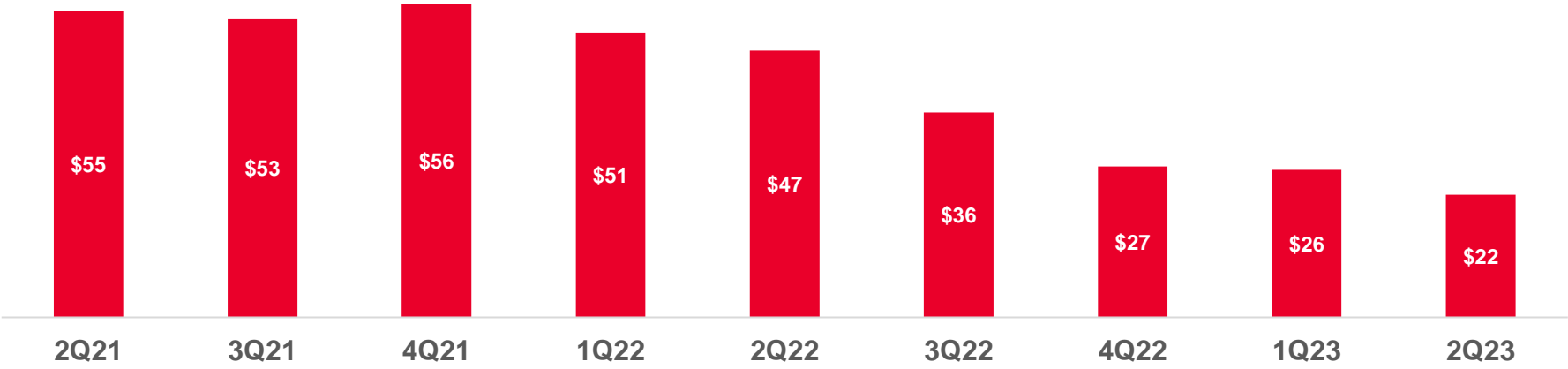


\*Brands listed are representative of Key Holley Brands in each category

## Orders vs Shipments (\$MM)



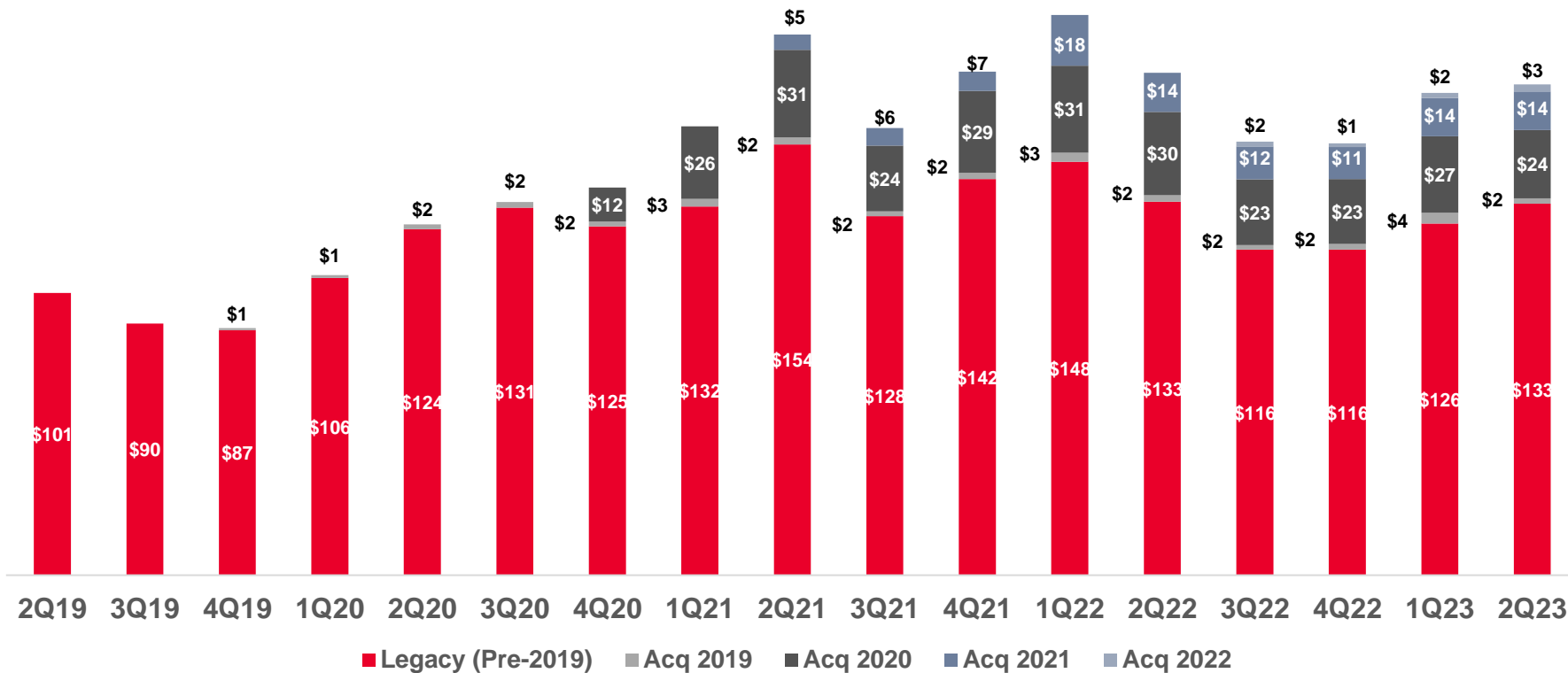
## Past Due Orders (\$MM)



# NET SALES TRENDS BY ACQUISITION VINTAGE YEAR



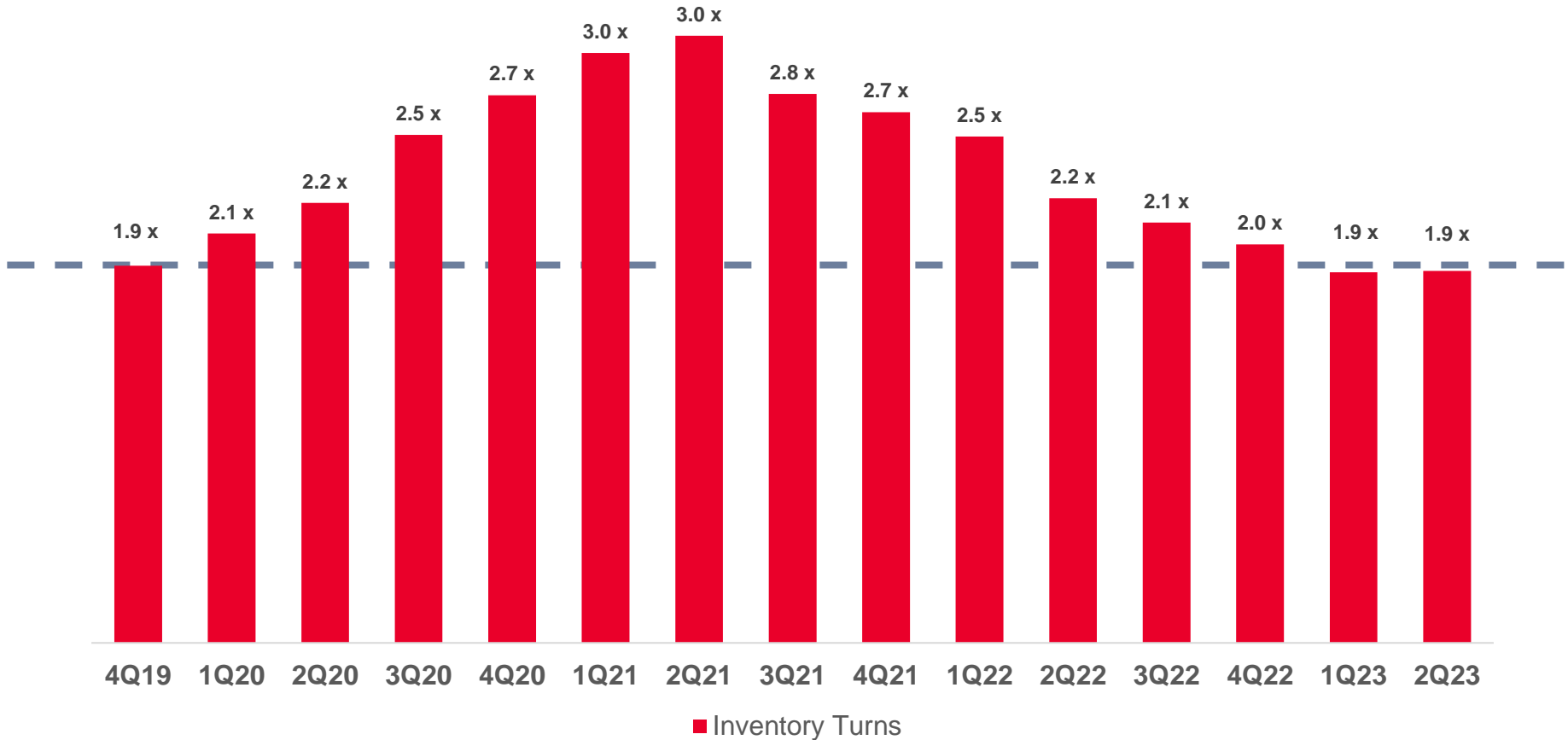
## Quarterly Net Sales<sup>1</sup> by Acquisition Year (\$MM)



Despite YOY headwinds, 2Q23 legacy business up ~7% CAGR vs. 2Q19, total business up ~15% CAGR<sup>2</sup>

1) Totals may not foot due to rounding  
 2) See page 10 for additional details on Legacy vs. Total Business CAGR

## Inventory Turnover (Turns/Year)



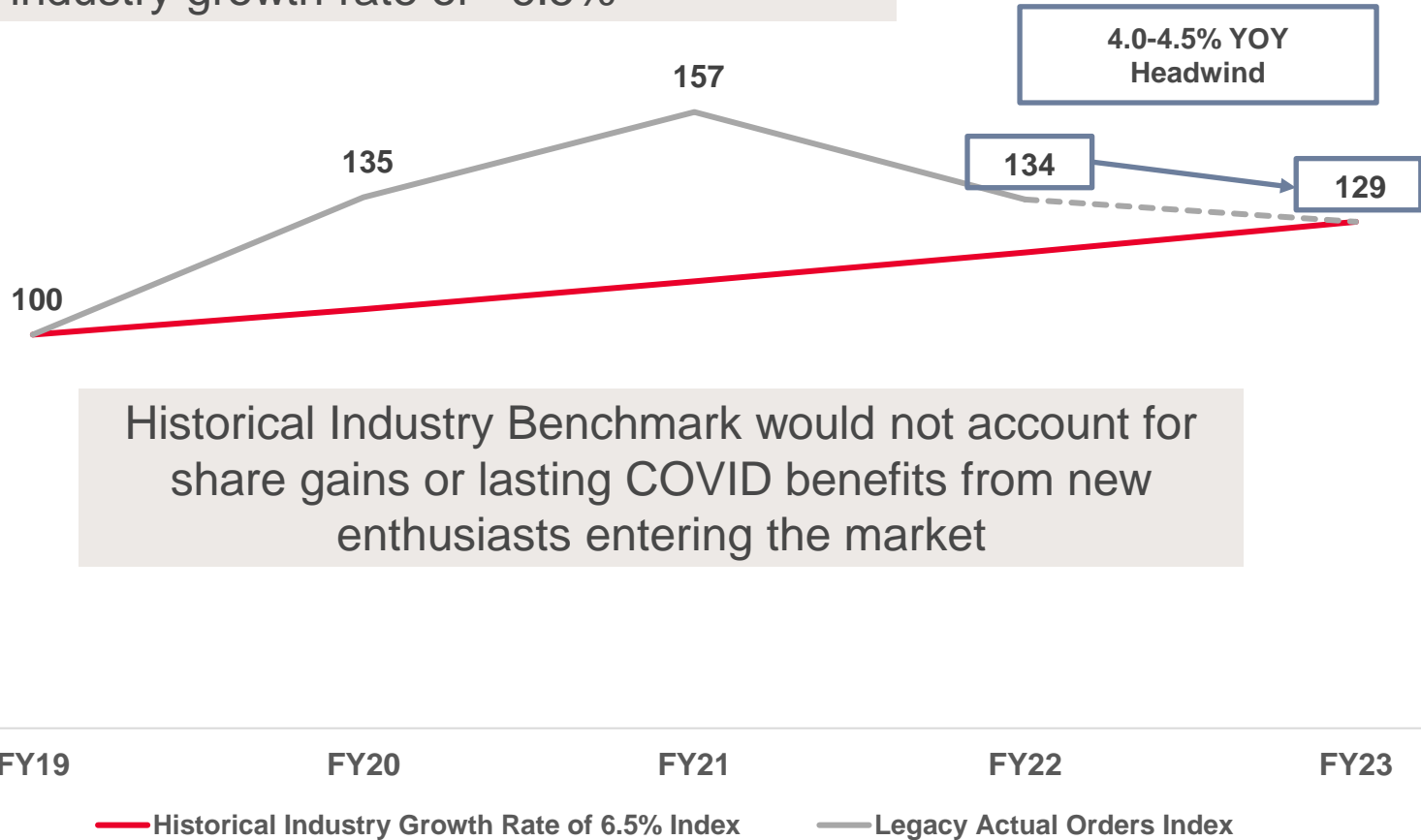
Inventory levels back in-line with historical trends with upside optimization work being done to improve long-term performance and drive FCF from working capital

1) Inventory Turns = Trailing 12 month Cost of Goods Sold / Trailing 12 month average inventory

# DEMAND NORMALIZATION ILLUSTRATION

## Legacy<sup>1</sup> vs. Hist. Industry Order Growth Indexed to 2019 Base Line

Normalization of demand implies a YOY order headwind of 4.0-4.5% when compared to historical industry growth rate of ~6.5%



1) Businesses acquired prior to 2019

# TTM EBITDA RECONCILIATION



## HOLLEY INC. and SUBSIDIARIES USE AND RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	TTM			
	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>\$ 71.0</b>	<b>\$ 73.8</b>	<b>\$ 61.2</b>	<b>\$ 33.6</b>
<b>Adjustments:</b>				
Interest Expense	34.8	40.2	51.1	52.1
Income Taxes	12.1	4.5	(1.1)	(0.1)
Depreciation	11.7	10.1	10.4	10.4
Amortization	14.6	14.7	14.7	14.7
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>144.2</b>	<b>143.3</b>	<b>136.3</b>	<b>110.7</b>
Acquisition and Restructuring Costs	5.0	4.5	5.6	4.2
Impairment of Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liability	(35.8)	(57.0)	(57.8)	(32.6)
Change in Fair Value of Earn-Out Liability	(7.3)	(10.7)	(12.7)	(7.5)
Loss on Early Extinguishment of Debt	12.2	-	-	-
Product Rationalization	-	4.5	4.5	3.7
Equity-Based Compensation Expense	11.7	24.4	21.6	19.9
Notable Items	1.9	1.8	1.4	1.0
Other Expense	1.3	1.5	1.3	1.5
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 135.6</b>	<b>\$ 114.7</b>	<b>\$ 102.6</b>	<b>\$ 103.3</b>

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not measures of financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Management believes that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA facilitate useful period-to-period comparisons of financial results, and the information is used by management in evaluating the Company's performance.

# QUARTERLY EBITDA RECONCILIATION



## HOLLEY INC. and SUBSIDIARIES USE AND RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES

(In millions)

(Unaudited)

	2Q19	3Q19	4Q19	1Q20	2Q20	3Q20	4Q20	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21	4Q21	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23
<b>Net Income (Loss)</b>	<b>\$ (9)</b>	<b>\$ (11)</b>	<b>\$ 29</b>	<b>\$ 5</b>	<b>\$ 13</b>	<b>\$ 13</b>	<b>\$ 2</b>	<b>\$ (2)</b>	<b>\$ 23</b>	<b>\$ (30)</b>	<b>\$ (18)</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 41</b>	<b>\$ 31</b>	<b>\$ (15)</b>	<b>\$ 4</b>	<b>\$ 13</b>
<b>Adjustments:</b>																	
Interest Expense	14	13	12	12	11	9	13	10	11	10	8	7	9	10	14	18	10
Income Taxes	—	—	(5)	1	3	6	(2)	5	6	(3)	3	7	3	(1)	(5)	2	4
Depreciation	2	2	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	3	4	2	2	3	3	2	2
Amortization	12	11	(24)	3	3	3	2	3	4	3	4	4	4	4	3	4	4
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>17</b>	<b>18</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>(17)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>33</b>
Acquisition and Restructuring Costs	1	1	1	1	3	1	4	2	3	—	2	—	2	2	1	1	-
Earn-Out from Simpson Acquisition	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Impairment of Indefinite-Lived Intangible Assets	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	—	—
Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liability	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	17	15	2	(23)	(30)	(6)	2	2
Change in Fair Value of Earn-Out Liability	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	7	2	3	(4)	(7)	(2)	1	1
Loss on Early Extinguishment of Debt	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	12	—	—	—	—	—	—
Product Rationalization	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	5	—	(1)
Equity-Based Compensation Expense	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	3	2	3	3	3	15	—	2
Related Party Acquisition and Management Fee Costs	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	1	1	23	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Notable Items	7	—	—	—	1	—	3	6	4	1	1	1	—	—	1	—	—
Other Expense	—	1	—	—	—	—	3	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	1	—	1
<b>Adjusted EBITDA</b>	<b>\$ 28</b>	<b>\$ 18</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 25</b>	<b>\$ 36</b>	<b>\$ 35</b>	<b>\$ 30</b>	<b>\$ 44</b>	<b>\$ 54</b>	<b>\$ 35</b>	<b>\$ 36</b>	<b>\$ 46</b>	<b>\$ 37</b>	<b>\$ 17</b>	<b>\$ 15</b>	<b>\$ 34</b>	<b>\$ 38</b>

Holley's 2019 quarterly results reflect a period during which it was a privately held company. Accordingly, certain adjustments were included in the fourth quarter 2019 results to reflect the effects of the Business Combination on its audited financial statements.

EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA are not measures of financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Management believes that EBITDA and adjusted EBITDA facilitate useful period-to-period comparisons of financial results, and the information is used by management in evaluating the Company's performance.

**HOLLEY INC. and SUBSIDIARIES**  
**USE AND RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES**  
*(In millions)*  
*(Unaudited)*

	1Q20	2Q20	3Q20	4Q20	1Q21	2Q21	3Q21	4Q21	1Q22	2Q22	3Q22	4Q22	1Q23	2Q23
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ 17	\$ 26	\$ 32	\$ 13	\$ 19	\$ 28	\$ (22)	\$ (3)	\$ 19	\$ 3	\$ (9)	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 31
Capital expenditures	(1)	(2)	(3)	(3)	(3)	\$ (4)	(3)	(5)	\$ (6)	(4)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(2)
Proceeds from the disposal of fixed assets	—	—	—	1	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	1	—	—
<b>Free cash flow</b>	<b>\$ 16</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>	<b>\$ 29</b>	<b>\$ 11</b>	<b>\$ 16</b>	<b>\$ 24</b>	<b>\$ (25)</b>	<b>\$ (8)</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>(11)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>29</b>

Free cash flow is not a measure of financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Management believes this figure is of interest to investors and facilitates useful period-to-period comparison of the Company's operating results.

**HOLLEY INC. and SUBSIDIARIES**  
**USE AND RECONCILIATION OF NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES**

*(In millions, except per share data)*

*(Unaudited)*

	For the thirteen weeks ended	
	July 2, 2023	July 3, 2022
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>\$ 13.0</b>	<b>\$ 40.6</b>
Adjust for: Change in Fair Value of Warrant Liability	2.0	(23.2)
Adjust for: Change in Fair Value of Earn-Out Liability	1.0	(4.2)
<b>Adjusted Net Income</b>	<b>\$ 16.0</b>	<b>\$ 13.2</b>
Weighted Average Common Shares Outstanding - Diluted	117.9	117.1
<b>Adjusted Diluted Earnings per Share</b>	<b>\$ 0.14</b>	<b>\$ 0.11</b>

Adjusted net income and adjusted diluted earnings per share ("EPS") are not measures of financial performance under U.S. GAAP and should not be considered as an alternative to net income and diluted EPS in accordance with U.S. GAAP. Management believes that adjusted net income and adjusted diluted EPS facilitate useful period-to-period comparisons of financial results, and the information is used by management in evaluating the Company's performance.